Reef Holding Co. B.S.C. (c)

Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024

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Reef Holding Co. B.S.C. (c) Administration and contact details as at 31 December 2024

Commercial registration no.	58073 obtained on 10 September 2005	
Board of Directors	Mr Naser Al Gharibah Mr Saud Kanoo Mr Faisal Al Matrook Mr Waleed Al Khaja Mr Mohammad Al Ayoub*	- Chairman - Vice-Chairman
Chief Executive Officer	Mr Hasan Dhaif	
Executive Committee	Mr Saud Kanoo Mr Faisal Al Matrook Mr Naser Al Ghariba	- Chairman
Nomination and Remuneration Committee	Mr Naser Al Ghariba Mr Saud Kanoo Mr Faisal Al Matrook	- Chairman
Audit and Corporate Governance Committee	Mr Waleed Al Khaja Mr Naser Al Ghariba Mr Mohammad Al Ayoub*	- Chairman
Sharia'a Supervisory Advisor	Shaikh Dr. Osama Bahar	
Registered office	Kanoo Tower Flat 114, Building 155 Road 1703, Block 317 PO Box 18599 Diplomatic Area, Manama Kingdom of Bahrain	
Bankers	Ithmaar Bank Kuwait Finance House Al Salam Bank Bahrain Islamic Bank Al Baraka Islamic Bank Ahli United Bank	
Auditors	BDO 17 th Floor Diplomat Commercial Office Tower PO Box 787 Manama Kingdom of Bahrain	

^{*}Joined on 5th May 2024 and resigned on 13 January 2025

Dear Shareholders,

On behalf of myself and my colleagues in the Board of Directors of Reef Holding Company BSC (c), it is our pleasure to present to you the annual report for the fiscal year ended 31 December 2024.

The distinguished members of the Board of Directors have taken all steps to steer the Company to safety through all the variable economic conditions, supported by the insightful and wise prospect of the shareholders.

Company Performance:

We are pleased to announce that Reef Holding Co. B.S.C. (Closed) has achieved exceptional financial results during the year 2024, despite of all economic difficulties in the local and international markets where the Company was not isolated.

In spite of that, the Company recorded the highest level of operating revenue in the past five years as total operating income increased by 120% reaching to 1.052 million Bahraini Dinars compared to 0.477 million Bahraini Dinars in 2023 and that was due to the recording unrealized investment gain of nearly 885 thousand Bahraini Dinars from one of the largest and most important investments of the Company in the Dubai and as a result the net profit has increased to triple during the year and reached 803 thousand Bahraini Dinars in comparison to 273 thousand Bahraini Dinars recorded last year which was positively reflected on the level of earnings per share that increased from 4.95 Fils per share for the year 2023 to 14.60 Fils per share for the year 2024.

As the tenure of the Board of Directors is near its end, we would like to give our sincere thanks and gratitude for the trust you have kindly given to us throughout the past three years, and we hope that our performance has met your satisfaction. The performance of the Group would have not reached this level without the patience and efforts of the Board Members in supporting the Group in spite of the difficult challenges it had faced previously. Therefore, we would like to thank all my colleagues in the respectful Board for their dedicated efforts and perseverance.

Operating Results:

For the year 2024, the Company reported net profit of BHD 803 thousand, representing increase of 194% over last year due to revaluation of our investment in Dubai which contributed BD 885 thousand to revenue.

Overall, Reef achieved a net profit for the year amounting to BD 803 thousand as a result of the increase in total revenue from BD 477 thousand in 2023 to BD 1.052 million in 2024. On the other hand, total expenses of BD 249 thousand increased by 22% mainly due to write off accrued distributions from an investment based in the UK.

Financial Position

The Group posted a net profit of BD 803 thousand, which was 194% higher than the financial year ended 31 December 2023 performance of BD 273 thousand. This increase was attributed to recording unrealized gain on an investment held by Reef. The Group's financial position at the end of 2024 continued to be strong with total assets standing at BD 11.5 million, increase over 2023 position of BD 10.3 million by 12%. Shareholders' equity grown as well by 17% to 8.5 million from 7.2 million in 2023. Detailed information on the operating and financial performance of our Group are presented in the subsequent section of this Annual Report.

Based on Company's performance for the year 2024, the Company's Board of Directors will propose to the shareholders at their annual meeting to approve the payment of BD1 million to the holders of the Company's shares, which is equivalent to 10% of the issued and paid up capital, after obtaining the required approval from the concerned authorities.

Proposed Appropriations

Based on the financial results, the Board of Directors have recommended for the approval of the Shareholders at the upcoming Annual General Meeting:

- 1. Transfer of 10% of the net profit to the legal reserve of BD 80,320,
- 2. Settlement of BD1 million from Shareholders Current Account.
- 3. Dividends distribution NIL.
- 4. Allocating an amount of 40,000 Bahraini Dinars as a reward for the members of the Board of Directors,
- 5. Allocating an amount of 5,000 Bahraini Dinars for charity,

Board of Directors and Management Remunerations

The table below shows the remuneration of the members of the Board of Directors and the Executive Management for the fiscal year ended 31st December 2024.

	Fixed remunerations in BD					Variable remunerations in BD				award	ınt	nce	
Name	Remunerations of the chairman and BOD	Total allowance for attending Board and committee meetings	Salaries	Others	Total	Remunerations of the chairman and BOD	Bonus	Incentive plans	Others	Total	End-of-service av	Aggregate amount Expenses Allowance	
First: Independent Di	rectors:												
1- Naser Al Gharibah	10,000	2,400	-	-	12,400	-		-	-	-	-	12,400	-
2- Waleed Al Khaja	10,000	1,200	-	-	11,200	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,200	-
Second: Non-Executiv	e Directors	:											
1- Saud Kanoo	10,000	1,500	-		11,500		-]	-	-	-	-	11,500	
2- Faisal Al Matrook	10,000	950	-		10,950	-	.an	-	-	-	-	10,950	-
3- Mohammed Salah	-	•	-	-	-	-	Œ.			-	·	-	٠
Third: Executive Dire	ctors;												
1-	- 1	- 1		-	-	•	39.	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	40,000	6,050	Ean.	٠	46,050	10.3	*			20		46,050	1

Board of Directors and Management Remunerations (continued)

Note (1): All amounts must be stated in Bahraini Dinars.

Note (2): Proposed Board remuneration for the year 2024 amounting to BD40,000 is subject to the MOIC approval and AGM.

The details of the remuneration paid during the year 2024 to the executive management, including salaries, benefits etc. are disclosed as under:

Management Amount	Total paid salaries and allowances	Total paid remuneration (Bonus)	Any other cash/ in kind remuneration for 2024	Aggregate Executive
Top 6 remunerations for executives, including CEO and Senior Financial Officer	77,400	-		77,400

Acknowledgements

On behalf of the Board of Directors, we would like to express our greatest and most sincere appreciation to His Majesty King Hamad bin Isa Al Khalifa, The King of the Kingdom of Bahrain, and His Royal Highness Prince Salman bin Hamad Al Khalifa, The Crown Prince, Deputy Supreme Commander and Prime Minister for their tremendous leadership, wisdom, and support.

We would like to express our deepest appreciation and gratitude to our distinguished Shareholders for their patience, confidence and support to the Company, hoping that, with Allah's willing, we keep meeting their expectation and exceed them in the future.

We would also like to thank with immense appreciation and gratitude all the official bodies in the beloved kingdom of Bahrain, in particular Ministry of Industry and Commerce for the continuous support they are providing to create and maintain healthy and friendly business environments to do business in the kingdom of Bahrain.

Naser Al Gharibah Chairman Saud Kanoo Vice Chairman

Sharia'a Supervisory Advisory Report

Reef Holding Co. BSC (c)

For the period from 1st January 2024 to 31st December 2024

Praise be to Allah, prayer and peace upon our master Muhammad the Imam of the Prophets and Messengers and his family and companions and allies.

It has been submitted to the Company's Sharia'a Supervisory Advisor the investment operations as well as the activities done by the Company. The Sharia'a Supervisory Advisor as well reviewed the audited financial statements for the period from 1st January 2024 to 31st December 2024.

The review was commissioned to issue an opinion on whether the Company had followed the principles and provisions of the Islamic Sharia'a and fatwas issued by the Sharia'a Advisor of the Company. Where the responsibility lies with the Company to ensure that its operations are in compliance with the issued Sharia'a legitimate, our responsibility is limited to express an independent opinion on the Company's operations done during the current year, and therefore decides the following:

- 1. The Company's contracts, transactions and operations for the year ended 31st December 2024 are in compliance with the provisions and principles of Islamic Sharia'a.
- 2. The calculation of the Company's profits and the losses charged to its investment operations are in compliance with the provisions and principles of the Islamic Sharia'a.
- 3. The realized earnings from sources that are not compatible with the principles and provisions of Shari'a will be donated for charitable purposes.
- 4. The Zakah has been calculated in accordance with the Sharia'a requirements.

And Allaah is the Source of Successes.

Shaikh Dr. Osama Mohammed Bahar

Sharia'a Supervisory Advisory



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Independent auditor's report to the shareholders of Reef Holding Co. B.S.C. (c)

Report on the audit of the consolidated financial statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Reef Holding Company B.S.C. (c) ("the Company") and its subsidiary (together "the Group"), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2024, and the related consolidated statements of income and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in owners' equity, consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2024, and the consolidated results of the operations, changes in owners' equity, its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the Financial Accounting Standards ("FAS") issued by the Accounting and Auditing Organisation for Islamic Financial Institutions ("AAOIFI").

In our opinion, the Company has also complied with the Islamic Shari'a Principles and Rules as determined by the Shari'a Supervisory Board of the Company during the year ended 31 December 2024.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards for Islamic Financial Institutions issued by AAOIFI. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the AAOIFI's Code of Ethics for Accountants and Auditors of Islamic Financial Institutions, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with this Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other information included in the Group's consolidated financial statements

Other information consists of the information included in the Board of Directors' report and the Shari'a Supervisory Board's report, other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The Board of Directors is responsible for the other information.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Board of Directors for the consolidated financial statements

These consolidated financial statements and the Group's undertaking to operate in accordance with Islamic Shari'a Rules and Principles are the responsibility of the Group's Board of Directors.

The Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with AAOIFI and for such internal control as the Board of Directors determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the Board of Directors is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.



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Independent auditor's report to the shareholders of Reef Holding Co. B.S.C. (c)

Report on the audit of the consolidated financial statements (continued)

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with AAOIFI will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with AAOIFI, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Board of Directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Board of Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities
 or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial
 statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the Group
 audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.



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Kingdom of Bahrain

Independent auditor's report to the shareholders of Reef Holding Co. B.S.C. (c) (continued)

Report on the audit of the consolidated financial statements (continued)

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements (continued)

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

- A) As required by the Bahrain Commercial Companies Law with respect to the Company, we report that:
- (1) we have obtained all the information we considered necessary for the purpose of our audit;
- (2) the Company has maintained proper books of account and the financial statements are in agreement therewith; and
- (3) the financial information disclosed in Chairman's report is consistent with the books of accounts of the Company.
- (B) As required by the Ministry of industry and Commerce in its letter dated 30 January 2020 in respect of the requirements of Article 8 of Section 2 of Chapter 1 of the Corporate Governance Code, we report that:
- (1) the Company has appointed a corporate governance officer; and
- (2) the Company has Board approved written guidance and procedures for corporate governance.

In addition, we report that, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Company has breached any of the applicable provisions of the Bahrain Commercial Companies Law or its Memorandum and Articles of Association, which would materially affect its activities, or its financial position as at 31 December 2024.

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Manama, Kingdom of Bahrain 21 April 2025



See Auditor's Report dated 214/25 Signed by BDO, CR No. 10201-04 Partner: Samson Kattuvattil Reg. No. 239

Signature:

Reef Holding Co. B.S.C. (c)
Consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2024
(Expressed in Bahraini Dinars)

Notes	31 December2024	31 December2023
4 5 6 7 8	538,203 10,067,737 881,540 47,847	654,495 8,495,051 1,029,135 112,077 13,073
	11,535,327	10,303,831
15 9 10	3,000,000 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	3,000,000 13,529 83,436 3,096,965
11 12(i) 12(ii) 12(iii) 5	5,500,000 1,741,709 81,344 (938,204) (1,534,954) 3,609,207	5,500,000 1,661,389 (7,052) (883,371) (2,041,778)
	8,459,102 11,535,327	
	4 5 6 7 8 15 9 10 11 12(i) 12(ii) 12(iii)	Notes 2024 4 538,203 5 10,067,737 6 881,540 7 47,847 8

The audited consolidated financial statements were approved, authorised for issue by the Board of Directors and signed on their behalf by:

Naser Al Gharibah Chairman

Saud A.Aziz Kanoo Vice Chairman

See Auditor's Report dated 21429
Signed by BDO, CR No. 10201-04
Partner: Samson Kattuvattil
Reg. No. 239
Signature:

Reef Holding Co. B.S.C. (c)
Consolidated statement of income other comprehensive income for the year ended 31 December 2024 (Expressed in Bahraini Dinars)

	Notes	Year ended 31 December 2024	Year ended 31 December 2023
Income Profit from Mudaraba investments Net rental income from investment in real estate Profit from investment securities Gain on sale of investment in real estate	6 13	24,766 55,312 82,500 3,833	27,018 53,618 154,323 99,564
Unrealised fair value gain on fair valuation of investment securities Net foreign exchange gain	5	885,399 282	136,978 5,038
		1,052,092	476,539
Expenses Staff costs General and administrative expenses Receivables and prepayments written off Impairment loss on investment in real estate Depreciation on investment in real estate	6	102,851 95,269 40,189 8,700 1,883	114,234 79,977 - - 9,541 203,752
Net profit for the year		_803,200	272,787
Other comprehensive income/(loss) Items that may subsequently be classified to income Net movement in properties fair value reserve	ı		
on the fair valuation of investment in real estate Net movement in properties fair value reserve on		(2,955)	(10,000)
disposal of investment in real estate Net unrealised fair value gain/(loss) on valuation			(92,347)
of investment in securities Foreign currency translation		506,824	(2,037,167)
(loss)/gain on investment securities		(54,833)	300,472
Other comprehensive income/(loss)		449,036	(1,839,042)
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year		1,252,236	(1,566,255)
Basic and diluted earnings per share	14	Fils14.60	Fils4.95

The audited consolidated financial statements were approved, authorised for issue by the Board of Directors and signed on their behalf by:

Naser Al Gharibah Chairman Saud A.Aziz Kanoo Vice Chairman

Reef Holding Co. B.S.C. (c)
Consolidated statement of changes in Owners' equity for the year ended 31 December 2024
(Expressed in Bahraini Dinars)

Total	12,634,031 (3,860,910)	(10,000)	(92,347)	(2,037,167)	300,472	.	7,206,866	(2,955)	506,824	(54,833) 803,200	8,459,102
	12,6		٥	(2,0	2.3		7,2(ĭ	~ ×	8,4
Retained earnings	2,732,170	1	ı	•	272.787	(27,279)	2,977,678	(91,351)	•	803,200	3,609,207
Investment fair value reserve	(4,611)		•	(2,037,167)	٠.,		(2,041,778)	, '	506,824		(1,534,954)
Foreign currency translation reserve	(1,183,843)	ı		•	300,472		(883,371)	. '	ı	(54,833)	(938,204)
Properties fair value reserve	95,295	(10,000)	(92,347)	1	٠.,	*	(7,052)	(2,955) 91,351	1		81,344
Statutory	1,634,110	•	1	•	٠,	27,279	1,661,389		ı	- 00 320	1,741,709
Share	9,360,910 (3,860,910)	ı	1	•	٠,		5,500,000		i		5,500,000
Notes	7	9		2	72	12(i)		9		5	(1)
	At 31 December 2022 Reduction of share capital	on the fair valuation of investment in real estate Net movement in properties fair value reserve on	disposal of investment in real estate Net unrealised fair value loss on revaluation	of investment in securities	gain on investment securities Net profit for the year	Transferred to statutory reserve	At 31 December 2023	Net movement in properties fall value reserve on the fair valuation of investment in real estate Transfer to retained earning	Net unrealised fair value gain on valuation of investment in securities Foreign currency translation	loss on investment securities Net profit for the year Transferred to statutory reserve	At 31 December 2024

		Year ended	Year ended
	Mataa	31 December	31 December
	<u>Notes</u>	2024	2023
Operating activities			
Net profit for the year		803,200	272,787
Adjustments for:		•	,
Depreciation on investment in real estate	6	1,883	9,541
Amortisation of right-of-use asset	8	13,073	13,074
Deferred Ijara cost		437	1,349
Gain on sale of investment in real estate		(3,833)	(99,564)
Unrealised fair value gain on fair valuation of	_		
investment in securities	5	(885,399)	(136,978)
Impairment loss on investment in real estate		8,700	-
Foreign exchange (gain)/loss on translation of	_		
investment in securities	5	54,833	300,472
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
Receivables and prepayments		64,230	419,151
Other liabilities		(7,211)	(7,814)
Net cash provided by operating activities		49,913	772,018
Investing activities			
Net movement in the foreign currency translation reserve		(54,833)	(300,472)
Addition in investment in real estate	6	(110)	(338,188)
Addition in investment in securities	5	(377,207)	-
Proceeds from redemption of investment in securities		141,911	147,280
Proceeds from sale of investment in real estate		138,000	809,700
		w	
Net cash (used in)/provided by investing activities		(152,239)	318,320
Financing activities			
Amount paid to shareholders on reduction of share capital		-	(860,910)
Principal and deferred ijarah cost paid on Ijarah liability	9	_(13,966)	(13,967)
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	•	(15,700)	(13,701)
Net cash used in financing activities		(13,966)	(874,877)
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents		(116,292)	215,461
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of the year		4E4 40F	420.024
cash and cash equivalents, beginning of the year		654,495	439,034
Cash and cash equivalents, end of the year	4	538,203	654,495

Non-cash transactions:

The amount payable to shareholders on account of reduction in share capital amounting to BD3,000,000 have been eliminated from the statement of cash flows for the year 31 December 2023 being a non-cash transaction.

1 Organisation and principal activities

Reef Holding Co. B.S.C. (c) ("the Company") and its subsidiary (collectively referred as "the Group"). The Company is a closed Bahraini shareholding company and operating under license number 58073 granted by the Ministry of Industry and Commerce obtained on 3 May 2005. The Company commenced commercial operations on 10 September 2005.

The principal activities of the Company is a holding company.

These consolidated financial statements, set out on pages 10 to 37, were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 21 April 2025.

The registered office of the Company is in the Kingdom of Bahrain.

The structure of the Group is as follows:

Subsidiaries

Name of subsidiary	Country of incorporation	Principal <u>activities</u>	Effective ownership interest 2024	Effective ownership interest 2023
Reef Investment UK B.S.C. (c)	Kingdom of Bahrain	- Trusts, Funds and Similar Financial Entities - Special Purpose Vehicle (SPV) - Real estate activities with own or leased property - Selling and buying shares and securities for company's account only - Real estate activities on a fee or contract basis - brokerage in Real estate - Real estate activities on a fee or contract basis - Management of Real estate	99.9%	99.9%

2 Basis of preparation

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified by the valuation of investment in real estate and investment in securities which are measured at their fair values. The consolidated financial statements of Group have been prepared on a going concern basis as at 31 December 2024.

Standards, amendments and interpretations effective and adopted in 2024

The following new standard, amendment to existing standard or interpretation to published standard is mandatory for the first time for the financial year beginning 1 January 2024 and has been adopted in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements:

Standard or interpretation	Title	Effective for annual periods beginning on or after
FAS 1	General presentation and disclosures in the financial statements	1 January 2024

AAOIFI has issued the revised FAS 1 General Presentation and Disclosures in the Financial Statements in 2021. This standard describes and improves the overall presentation and disclosure requirements prescribed in line with the global best practices and supersedes the earlier FAS 1. It is applicable to all the Islamic Financial Institutions and other institutions following AAOIFI FAS's. This standard is effective for the financial reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024 with an option to early adopt.

The revision of FAS 1 is in line with the modifications made to the AAOIFI conceptual framework for financial reporting.

Significant changes relevant to the Group are;

- a) Concept of comprehensive income has been introduced; and
- b) Disclosure of movement in Zakah and Charity have been disclosed into the notes to the consolidated financial statements.

During the year, the Group has adopted FAS 1 revised. As a result of this adoption, the changes were made to the primary statements of the Group by adding the new primary statements called statement of income and other comprehensive income as replacement of statement of income.

Standards, amendments and interpretations issued but not relevant in 2024

The following new standard, amendment to existing standard or interpretation to published standard is mandatory for the first time for the financial year beginning 1 January 2024 and are not relevant in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements:

Standard or interpretation	<u>Title</u>	Effective for annual periods beginning on or after
FAS 44	Determining control of assets and business	1 January 2024
FAS 40	Financial reporting for Islamic finance windows	1 January 2024

Standards, amendments and interpretations issued but not yet effective in 2024

The following new/amended accounting standards and interpretations have been issued, but are not mandatory for financial year ended 31 December 2024. They have not been adopted in preparing the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024 and will or may have an effect on the Group's future consolidated financial statements. In all cases, the Group intends to apply these standards from application date as indicated in the table below:

Standard or interpretation	<u>Title</u>	Effective for annual periods beginning on or after
FAS 42	Presentation and disclosures in the financial statements of takaful institutions	1 January 2025
FAS 43	Accounting for takaful: recognition and measurement	1 January 2025
FAS 45	Quasi-Equity (Including Investment Accounts)	1 January 2026
FAS 46 =	Off-Balance-Sheet assets under management	1 January 2026
FAS 47	Transfer of assets between investment pools	1 January 2026
FAS 48	Promotional gifts and prizes	1 January 2026
FAS 49	Financial reporting for institutions operating in hyperinflationary economies	1 January 2026
FAS 50	Financial Reporting for Islamic Investment Institutions (Including Investment Funds)	1 January 2027

Early adoption of amendments or standards in 2024

The Group did not early-adopt any new or amended standards in 2024. There would have been no change in the operational results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023 had the Group early adopted any of the above standards applicable to the Group.

(a) Statement of compliance

The consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Financial Accounting Standards issued by the Accounting and Auditing Organisation for Islamic Financial Institutions ('AAOIFI'), the Shari'a Rules and Principles as determined by the Shari'a Supervisory Advisor of the Group, the Bahrain Commercial Companies Law, rules and procedures of the Company's memorandum and articles of association in accordance with the requirements of AAOIFI. For matters for which no AAOIFI standard exists, the Group uses the relevant International Financial Reporting Standards ('the IFRS') issued by International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

(b) Shari'a rules and principles

The Group has appointed a Shari'a Supervisory Advisor in accordance with the terms of its Articles of Association. The Shari'a Supervisory Advisor reviews the Group's compliance with general Shari'a principles and issued fatwas, rulings and guidelines on specific matters. The review includes examination of evidence relating to the documentation and procedures adopted by the Group to ensure that its activities are conducted in accordance with Islamic Shari'a principles.

The Group is committed to avoid recognising any income generated from non-Islamic sources. Any earnings prohibited by Shari'a are set aside for charitable purposes or otherwise dealt with in accordance with the directions of the Shari'a Supervisory Advisor.

(c) Functional and presentation currency

The consolidated financial statements have been presented in Bahraini Dinars ("BD"), being the functional currency of the Group's operations.

(d) Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate financial statements of the Company and its subsidiary from the date that control effectively commenced until the date that control effectively ceased. Control is achieved when the Company has the power to govern the financial and operational policies of an entity to obtain benefits from its activities. All intergroup balances, transactions and unrealised profits and losses are eliminated in full on consolidation.

(e) Critical accounting estimates and judgements

The Group makes estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year. Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectation of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Impairment

The Group assesses at each consolidated statement of financial position date whether there is objective evidence that a specific asset or a group of assets may be impaired. An asset or a group of assets is deemed to be impaired if, and only if, there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that have occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (an incurred "loss event") and that loss event(s) have an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the asset or the group of the assets that can be reliably estimated.

(e) Critical accounting estimates and judgements (continued)

Fair valuation of investments

The determination of fair values of unquoted investments requires management to make estimates and assumptions that may affect the reported amount of assets at the date of the consolidated financial statements. The valuation of such investments is based on the fair value as explained in policy note. Nonetheless, the actual amount that is realised in a future transaction may differ from the current estimate of fair value and may still be outside management estimates, given the inherent uncertainty surrounding valuation of unquoted investments.

Valuation of investment in real estate

The Group obtains valuations performed by external independent property valuers in order to determine the fair value of its investment properties. These valuations are based upon assumptions including future rental income, anticipated maintenance costs and the appropriate discount rate. The independent property valuers also refer to market evidence of transaction prices for similar properties.

Classification of investments

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management decides upon acquisition of an investment, whether it should be classified as investments carried at fair value through income statement, held at amortised cost or investments carried at fair value through equity. The classification of each investment reflects the management's intention in relation to each investment and is subject to different accounting treatments based on such classification.

Going concern

The management of the Group reviews the financial position on a periodical basis and assesses the requirement of any additional funding to meet the working capital requirements and estimated funds required to meet the liabilities as and when they become due. In addition, the shareholders of the Group ensure that they provide adequate financial support to fund the requirements of the Group to ensure the going concern status of the Group.

Legal proceedings

The Group reviews outstanding legal cases following developments in the legal proceedings and at each reporting date, in order to assess the need for provisions and disclosures in its consolidated financial statements. Among the factors considered in making decisions on provisions are the nature of litigation, claim or assessment, the legal process and potential level of damages in the jurisdiction in which the litigation, claim or assessment has been brought, the progress of the case (including the progress after the date of the consolidated financial statements but before those statements are issued), the opinions or views of legal advisers, experience on similar cases and any decision of the Group's management as to how it will respond to the litigation, claim or assessment.

(e) Critical accounting estimates and judgements (continued)

Contingencies

By their nature, contingencies will only be resolved when one or more future events occur or fail to occur. The assessment of such contingencies inherently involves the exercise of significant judgment and estimates of the outcome of future events.

Impairment on investment securities

The Group determines that investment securities are impaired when there has been a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value below its cost. This determination of what is significant or prolonged requires judgment and is assessed for each investment separately.

Where fair values are not readily available and the investments are carried at cost, the recoverable amount of such investment is estimated to test for impairment. In making a judgment of impairment, the Group evaluates among other factors, evidence of deterioration in the financial health of the investee, industry and sector performance, changes in technology, and operational and financing cash flows. It is reasonably possible, based on existing knowledge, that the current assessment of impairment could require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the investments within the next financial year due to significant changes in the assumptions underlying such assessments.

Impairment of short-term investments

FAS 30 introduces the credit losses approach with a forward-looking 'Expected Credit Loss' ("ECL") model. The new impairment model will apply to financial assets which are subject to credit risk. A number of significant judgments are also required in applying the accounting requirements for measuring ECL, such as:

- i. Determining criteria for Significant Increase in Credit Risk (SICR);
- ii. Choosing appropriate models and assumptions for measurement of ECL;
- iii. Establishing the number and relative weightings of forward-looking scenarios for each type of product/ market and the associated ECL; and
- iv. Establishing benchmark of similar financial assets for the purposes of measuring ECL.

3 Significant accounting policies

A summary of the significant accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements is set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless stated otherwise.

Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and bank balances and short-term deposits with original maturities of less than 90 days.

Investment in securities

Investment in securities comprises of both equity-type investments and debt-type investments.

(i) Classification

The Group segregates its investment securities into debt-type instruments and equity-type instruments. Debt-type instruments are investments that have terms that provide fixed or determinable payments of profits and capital. Equity-type instruments are investments that do not exhibit features of debt-type instruments and include instruments that evidence a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all its liabilities.

Equity-type investments: Investments in equity type instruments are classified in the following categories 1) at fair value through income statement ('FVTIS'), or 2) at fair value through other comprehensive income ('FVTOCI'), consistent with its investment strategy.

Equity-type investments classified and measured at FVTIS include investments designated at FVTIS and are managed and evaluated internally for performance on a fair value basis. This category currently includes an investment in private equity.

On initial recognition, the Group makes an irrevocable election to designate certain equity instruments that are not designated at FVTIS to be classified as investments at FVTOCI. These include investments in certain unquoted equity securities and private equity.

Debt-type Instruments: Investments in debt-type instruments are classified at fair value through consolidated income statement ('FVTIS').

Debt-type investments classified and measured at FVTIS include investments designated at FVTIS. The Debt-type instruments at FVTIS include investments in medium to long-term (quoted) sukuk.

(ii) Recognition and de-recognition

Investment securities are recognised at the date, when the Group contracts to purchase or sell the asset or instrument. Investment securities are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or where the Group has transferred substantially all risk and rewards of ownership.

(iii) Measurement

All investments securities are initially recognised at cost, being the fair value of the consideration given including acquisition charges associated with the investment. Subsequent to initial recognition, investments carried at FVTIS and FVTOCI are re-measured to fair value. Gains and losses arising from a change in the fair value of investments carried at FVTIS are recognised in the income statement in the period in which they arise. Gains and losses arising from a change in the fair value of investments carried at FVTOCI are recognised in the consolidated statement of changes in Owner's equity and presented in a separate fair value reserve within equity. When the investments carried at FVTOCI are sold, impaired, collected or otherwise disposed of, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in the statement of changes in equity is transferred to the consolidated income statement. Foreign exchange translation gains and losses arising out of (FVTOCI) are included in a reserve in the foreign currency translation reserve under Owners' equity.

Investments at FVTOCI where the entity is unable to determine a reliable measure of fair value on a continuing basis, such as investments that do not have a quoted market price or other appropriate methods from which to derive reliable fair values, are stated at cost less impairment allowances.

Investment in real estate

Properties held for rental, or for capital appreciation purposes, or both, are classified as investment in real estate. The Group's investments in real estate are classified as held-for-use in accordance with FAS 26 - "Investment In Real Estate". Investments in real estate are initially recorded at cost, being the fair value of the consideration given and acquisition charges associated with the property. Subsequent to initial recognition, investments in real estate are re-measured at fair value and changes in fair value (only gains) are recognised as property fair value reserve in the consolidated statement of changes in Owners' equity.

Losses arising from changes in the fair values of investment in real estate are firstly adjusted against the property fair value reserve to the extent of the available balance and then the remaining losses are recognised in the consolidated statement of income. If there are unrealised losses that have been recognised in the consolidated statement of income in the previous financial periods, the current period's unrealised gains shall be recognised in the consolidated statement of income to the extent of crediting back such previous losses in the consolidated statement of income. When the property is disposed-off the cumulative gains previously transferred to the property fair value reserve, is transferred to the consolidated statement of income and other comprehensive income.

Receivables and prepayments

Receivables and prepayments are carried at their anticipated realisable values. An allowance is made for doubtful receivables based on a review of all outstanding amounts at the year-end. Bad debts are written off during the year in which they are identified.

Property and equipment

Property and equipment are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation. Cost includes all costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to working condition for its intended use.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line method to write-off the cost of property and equipment to their estimated residual values over their expected economic useful lives as follows:

Leasehold improvements5 yearsFurniture and fixtures5 yearsOffice equipment5 yearsComputer hardware and software2-3 yearsMotor vehicles3 years

Gains and losses on disposal of property and equipment are determined by reference to their carrying amount and are taken into account in determining net profit.

Repairs and renewals are charged to the consolidated statement of income and other comprehensive income when the expenditure is incurred.

The carrying values of property and equipment are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying values may not be recoverable. If any such indication exists, and where the carrying values exceed the estimated recoverable amounts, the property and equipment are written down to their recoverable amounts.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) arising from a past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of obligation.

Employee benefits

Short-term benefits

Short-term employee benefit obligations are measured on an undiscounted basis and are expensed as the related service is provided. A provision is recognised for the amount expected to be paid under short-term cash bonus or profit-sharing plans if the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Employee benefits (continued)

Post-employment benefits

Employee benefits and entitlements to annual leave, holiday, air passage and other short-term benefits are recognised as they accrue to the employees. The Group contributes to the pension scheme for Bahraini nationals administered by the Social Insurance Organisation in the Kingdom of Bahrain. This is a defined contribution pension plan and the Group's contributions are charged to the consolidated statement of income in the year to which they relate. In respect of this plan, the Group has a legal obligation to pay the contributions as they fall due and no obligation exists to pay the future benefits.

The expatriate employees of the Company are paid leaving indemnity in accordance with the provisions of the Bahrain Labour Law. The Company accrues for its liability in this respect on an annual basis until 29 February 2024, thereafter the Company contributes to the leaving indemnity for expatriate employees administered by the Social Insurance Organisation in the Kingdom of Bahrain.

Impairment of assets

An assessment is made at each statement of financial position date to determine whether there is objective evidence that a specific asset may be impaired. If such evidence exists, any impairment loss is recognised in the consolidated statement of income. Impairment is determined as follows:

- (a) For assets carried at fair value, impairment is the difference between cost and fair value, less any impairment loss previously recognised in the consolidated statement of income;
- (b) For assets carried at cost, impairment is the difference between carrying value and the present value of future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar asset;
- (c) For assets carried at amortised cost, impairment is the difference between carrying amount and the present value of future cash flows discounted at the original effective profit rate.

Derecognition of assets and liabilities

Assets

An asset (or, where applicable a part of an asset or part of a group of similar assets) is derecognised when:

- the right to receive cash flows from the asset has expired;
- the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from and either (a) has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the assets, but has transferred control of the asset; or
- the Group retains the right to receive cash flows from the asset but has assumed an obligation to pay them in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass through' arrangement.

When the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, and has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the asset is recognised to the extent of the Group's continuing involvement in the asset.

Liabilities

A liability is derecognised when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired.

Offsetting

Assets and liabilities are only offsetted and the net amount reported in the consolidated statement of financial position when there is a legal or religious enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and the Group intends to either settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Revenue recognition

a) Income from Mudaraba contracts

Income from Mudaraba contracts is recognised to the extent profits are declared by the Mudarib.

b) Profit on investment securities and other income

Profit on investment securities and other income is accounted for on an accrual basis.

c) Fees and commissions

Fees and commissions (including financing services) are recognised when earned.

Dividends

Dividends to owners are recognised as liabilities in the year in which they are declared.

Foreign exchange transactions

Foreign currency transactions are recorded at rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies at the consolidated statement of financial position date are retranslated at market rates of exchange prevailing at that date. Gains and losses arising on translation are recognised in the consolidated statement of income and other comprehensive income. Non-monetary assets that are measured in terms of historical cost in foreign currencies are recorded at rates of exchange prevailing at the value dates of the transactions.

4 Cash and bank balances

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Current account balances with banks* Mudaraba investments with maturity period of less than three	137,703	103,995
months** Cash on hand	400,000 500	550,000 500
	538,203	<u>654,495</u>

^{*} The current account balances with banks are non-profit bearing.

5 Investment securities

	31 December 2024	31 December2023
Opening balance Additions	8,495,051 377,207	10,242,048
Redemptions during the year Foreign exchange (losses)/gains on translation of	(141,911)	(147,280)
investment securities through other comprehensive income Net unrealised fair value gains/(losses) through	(54,833)	300,472
other comprehensive income Net unrealised fair value gains through	506,824	(2,037,167)
statement of income	885,399	136,978
	10,067,737	8,495,051
	31 December2024	31 December 2023
Investment in equity-type instruments - Unquoted Private equity Investment in debt-type instruments- Quoted	8,567,737 1,500,000	6,995,051 1,500,000
	10,067,737	8,495,051

^{**} Mudaraba investments placed with financial institutions earn market rates of profit receivable on maturity.

5 Investment securities (continued)

Investment - securities-wise analysis:

		31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Equity type instruments carried at fair			
value through consolidated statement of income			
Jenina Real Estate Development Co. Ltd	(a)	3,606,554	2,721,155
Equity type instruments carried at fair			
value through other comprehensive income			
APL PH1 Limited	(b)	1,270,082	899,974
APL 2B Limited	(c)	2,651,656	2,713,416
		2,031,030	2,713,410
Global Greenridge Bracknell Limited (3M) Global Greenridge Finco Limited	(d)	-	•
(Manchester) (Stockport & Bury)	(-)	//2 220	//0 50/
	(e)	662,238	660,506
SolitAir Holdings Limited	(f)	<u>377,207</u>	
		8,567,737	6,995,051
Debt-type instruments carried at fair			
value through consolidated statement of income			
Government or CBB sukuk	(g)	_1,500,000	1,500,000
•		10,067,737	8,495,051

- (a) During the year 2014, the Group invested BD1,508,053 in Sky palaces project, Business Bay Dubai through an SPV "Jenina Real Estate Development Co. Ltd". The Group has fair valued the investment during the year and recorded an unrealised fair value gain amounting to BD885,399.
- (b) During the year 2015, the Group invested GBP3,714,286 in acquiring the shares in APL PH1 Limited. The objective of the Company is to develop a property in the United Kingdom. The Group has fair valued the investment during the year and recorded an unrealised fair value gain amounting to BD522,514 and foreign exchange loss amounting to BD10,412. During the year, the Group received the share redemption by the APL PH1 Limited amounting to BD141,911 (GBP 297,143).
- (c) During the year 2016, the Group invested GBP6,095,237 in acquiring the shares in APL 2B Limited. The objective of the Company is to develop a property in United Kingdom. The Group has fair valued the investment during the year and recorded an unrealised fair value loss amounting to BD26,102 and foreign exchange loss amounting to BD35,658.
- (d) During the year 2016, the Group has invested GBP3,000,000 in Jersey Fin Co. ("SPV") 3M Bracknell, United Kingdom. The main objective of fund is capital appreciation and rental yield. The Group has fully provided for an investment amounting to GBP 3,000,000 in the year 2023.

5 Investment securities (continued)

- (e) During the year 2017, the Group has invested GBP3,000,000 in acquiring shares in Global Greenridge Finco Limited (Manchester) (Stockport & Bury), United Kingdom. The main objective of fund is capital appreciation and rental yield. The Company has disposed of its partial investment in Stockport and bury amounting to BD384,490 (GBP784,091) in the year 2019. Further, after the disposal the percentage of the holding which is 34.09%, remains the same. The Group has fair valued the investment during the year and recorded an unrealized fair value gain amounting to BD10,412 and foreign exchange loss amounting to BD8,680.
- (f) During the year 2024, the Group has invested USD1,000,000 (BD377,207) in acquiring shares of SolitAir Holdings Limited, United Arab Emirates. The business of the company will be cargo shipment delivery. The Group has not been able to find the inputs to value the investment in shares. Accordingly, the Group has kept the investment at cost.
- (g) During 2015, the Group has invested BD1,500,000 in acquiring units Government Islamic Leasing Sukuk-Issue 22 (GILS22.SUK) due in 2025. These units are listed. As at 31 December 2024, the Company has not been able to find the inputs to value the investment in Sukuk. Accordingly, the Company has kept the investment in Sukuk at par value.

Unquoted equity securities at fair value comprise investments in closed companies, companies managed by external investment managers or represent investments in projects. The management calculates fair values of these investments using various sources of information including investment managers' reports and audited financial statements, wherever available.

Investment securities are denominated in the following currencies:

Currency	31 December	31 December 2023
Great Britain Pound Arab Emirates Dirham Bahraini Dinars	4,583,976 3,983,761 <u>1,500,000</u>	4,273,896 2,721,155 1,500,000
	10,067,737	8,495,051

6 Investment in real estate

Cost/Revaluation	Investment properties for periodical consideration	Total
As at 31 December 2022	1,550,410	1,550,410
Additions	338,188	338,188
Unrealised fair value loss	(10,000)	(10,000)
Disposals	<u>(811,293</u>)	(811,293)
As at 31 December 2023	1,067,305	1,067,305
Additions	110	110
Disposals	(134,167)	(134,167)
Impairment loss	(8,700)	(8,700)
Unrealised fair value loss	(2,955)	(2,955)
As at 31 December 2024	921,593	921,593
Depreciation		
As at 31 December 2022	37,439	37,439
Charge for the year	9,541	9,541
On disposal	<u>(8,810)</u>	(8,810)
As at 31 December 2023	38,170	38,170
Charge for the year	1,883	1,883
As at 31 December 2024	40,053	40,053
Net book value		
At 31 December 2024	881,540	<u>881,540</u>
At 31 December 2023	1,029,135	1,029,135
During the year, the net rental income earned including accinvestment in real estate amounted to BD55,312 (2023: BD53,618		sideration on

	31 December	31 December 2023
Rental income Maintenance and electricity expenses	68,844 (13,532)	68,009 <u>(14,391</u>)
	<u>55,312</u>	<u>53,618</u>

7	December and managements		
7	Receivables and prepayments	31 December2024	31 December 2023
	Other receivables Prepayments Accrued profit on investment securities Accrued profit on mudaraba investments	6,086 716 37,125 <u>3,920</u>	5,482 6,215 93,332
		<u>47,847</u>	<u>112,077</u>
8	Right-of-use asset		
		31 December 2024	31 December2023
	Opening balance	13,073	-
	Addition during the year Amortisation charge for the year	<u>(13,073</u>)	26,147 <u>(13,074</u>)
	Closing balance		<u>13,073</u>
9	Ijarah Liability		
		31 December 2024	31 December 2023
	Opening balance Additions during the year Amortisation of deferred ijarah cost Repayments	13,529 - 437 <u>(13,966)</u>	26,147 1,349 <u>(13,967</u>)
	Closing balance Less: current portion of ijarah liability	-	13,529 <u>(13,529</u>)
	Non-current portion ijarah liability		
		31 December 2024	31 December 2023
	Maturity analysis — Net Ijarah liability Less than one year		<u>13,014</u>
	Closing balance		13,014
	Maturity analysis — Gross Ijarah liability Less than one year	<u>-</u>	<u>13,529</u>
	Closing balance		
	Crosing Datanee	·	<u>13,529</u>

10 Other liabilities

11

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Capital reduction payable to shareholders (Note 15) Unclaimed dividend Accrued and other payables	28,518 1,145 <u>46,562</u>	41,186 1,352 <u>40,898</u>
	<u>76,225</u>	<u>83,436</u>
Share capital		
Authorised	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
400,000,000 (2023: 400,000,000) ordinary shares of 100 Fils each	40,000,000	40,000,000
Issued and fully paid-up 55,000,000 (2023: 55,000,000) ordinary shares of 100 Fils each	_5,500,000	5,500,000

The Company has only one class of equity shares and the holders of the shares have equal voting rights.

During the extra general meeting held on 25 May 2023 the Group had decided to reduce the share capital from BD9,360,910 to BD5,500,000. The Company had paid the capital reduction amounting to BD860,910 and the remaining BD3,000,000 is payable to shareholders.

The names and nationalities of the major shareholders or those who hold interest of 5% or more and the number of shares at 31 December 2024 are as follows:

	<u>Nationality</u>	Number of shares	Percentage of shareholding interest
Marsa Leisure Company (Holding) B.S.C. (c)	Bahraini	25,392,196	46.168%
Ossis B.S.C. (c)	Bahraini	5,789,473	10.526%
Al Khaleej Development Company (Tameer) W.L.L.	Bahraini	5,789,473	10.526%
H.E. Dr. Sheikh Sultan Bin Khalifa Al Nahyan	Emirati	3,184,211	5.789%
Al Dammam Development Company S.S.C. (c)	Saudi	2,793,421	<u>5.079%</u>
		42,948,774	<u>78.088%</u>

11 Share capital (continued)

The names and nationalities of the major shareholders or those who hold interest of 5% or more and the number of shares at 31 December 2023 are as follows:

	Nationality	Number of shares	Percentage of shareholding interest
Marsa Leisure Company (Holding) B.S.C. (c)	Bahraini	25,392,196	46.168%
Ossis B.S.C. (c)	Bahraini	5,789,473	10.526%
Al Khaleej Development Company (Tameer) W.L.L.	Bahraini	5,789,473	10.526%
H.E. Dr. Sheikh Sultan Bin Khalifa Al Nahyan	Emirati	3,184,211	5.789%
Al Dammam Development Company S.S.C. (c)	Saudi	2,793,421	<u>5.079%</u>
		42,948,774	<u>78.088%</u>

Details of the Directors' interests in the Company's shares as at 31 December 2024 and 31 December 2023 are as follows:

Name of the directors	2024 Number <u>of shares</u>	2023 Number of shares
Saud Kanoo Faisal Al Matrook	578,948 674,386	578,948 674,386
	1,253,334	1,253,334

12 Reserves

(i) Statutory reserve

Under the provisions of the Bahrain Commercial Companies Law, an amount equivalent to 10% of the Group's net profit before appropriations is required to be transferred to a non-distributable reserve account until such time as a minimum of 50% of the issued share capital is set aside. During the year, an amount of BD80,320 has been transferred to the statutory reserve (2023: BD27,279).

(ii) Properties fair value reserve

The revaluation reserve represents the net surplus arising on revaluation of investment in real estate (Note 6). This reserve is not available for distribution.

(iii) Foreign currency translation reserve

Foreign currency translation reserve represents currency translation on investment securities. During the year, the exchange loss amounting to BD54,833 (2023: gain of BD300,472) has been transferred to the foreign currency translation reserve.

13 Profit from investment securities

	31 December2024	31 December 2023
Dividend from equity-type instruments Profit from debt-type instruments	82,500	71,823 _82,500
	82,500	<u>154,323</u>

14 Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit attributable to the owners by the weighted average number of ordinary shares issued during the year.

	31 December	31 December 2023
Net profit attributable to the owners	BD803,200	BD272,787
Weighted average number of ordinary shares	55,000,000	55,000,000
Basic and diluted earnings per share	Fils14.60	Fils4.95

The earnings per share have been computed on the basis of net profit for the year divided by the number of shares outstanding for the year 2024 and 2023. There is no difference between the basic and diluted earnings per share. The Company does not have any potentially dilute ordinary shares, hence the dilute earnings per share and basic earnings per share are identical.

15 Related party transactions and balances

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions. Related parties consist of the shareholders, directors and key management personnel and their close family members, and businesses under their control. The Group's transactions with related parties are authorised by the management.

A summary of the transaction and amounts due from related parties is as follows:

		For	r the year ended
			nsaction amount
Related party	D. Harcon	31 December	31 December
relationship	<u>Transaction type</u>	2024	2023
Directors	Directors remuneration	<u>24,550</u>	12,490
Directors	Board member fees and allowances	_6,050	<u>9,150</u>
Key management personnel *	Salaries and other short-term benefits	<u>77,400</u>	<u>77,400</u>
Directors	Premises leased	<u>13,887</u>	<u>13,887</u>

^{*} Key management personnel are those people who have authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Group.

15 Related party transactions and balances (continued)

A summary of related party balances is as follows:

	Related party relationship	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Amounts due to shareholders	Shareholders	3,000,000	3,000,000
Capital reduction payable to Shareholders (Note 10)	Shareholders	28,518	41,186

16 Maturity profile

Maturity profile of assets and liabilities is as follows:

				At 31 Dec	cember 2024
	Carrying	Up to	6-12	1-5	5 years
	amount	6 months	<u>months</u>	Years	and above
Acces					
Assets Cash and bank balances	E20 202	E20 202			
	538,203	538,203	•	- 0 F/7 777	-
Investment securities	10,067,737	1,500,000	-	8,567,737	-
Investment in real estate	881,540	47.047	-	881,540	-
Receivables and prepayments	47,847	47,847		: 	
Total assets	11,535,327	2,086,050		9,449,279	
Liabilities					
Amount due to shareholders	3,000,000	_	_	3,000,000	_
Other liabilities	76,225	76,225	_	5,000,000	_
Other dablities	70,223	70,223			
Total liabilities	3,076,225	<u>76,225</u>		3,000,000	
				At 31 Dec	cember 2023
	Carrying	Up to	6-12	1-5	5 years
	Amount	6 months	<u>months</u>	Years	and above
Assets					
Cash and bank balances	454 405	454 405			
Investment securities	654,495 8,495,051	654,495	-	8,495,051	-
		-	-		-
Investment in real estate	1,029,135	-	42.072	1,029,135	-
Right of use asset	13,073	442.077	13,073	-	-
Receivables and prepayments	112,077	<u>112,077</u>			
Total assets	10,303,831	<u>766,572</u>	13,073	9,524,186	
Liabilities					
Amount due to shareholders	3,000,000	_	-	3,000,000	_
Ijarah liability	13,529	_	13,529	-	_
ijaiaii dability			13,327	-	_
Other liabilities	•	83 436	· _		_
Other liabilities	83,436	83,436	<u> </u>	-	
Other liabilities Total liabilities	•	<u>83,436</u> <u>83,436</u>	13,529	3,000,000	

17 Financial assets and liabilities and risk management

Financial assets and liabilities carried on the statement of financial position include cash and bank balances, investment in securities, receivables and prepayments, amount due to shareholders, ijarah liability and other liabilities. The specific recognition methods adopted are disclosed in the individual policy statements associated with each item.

Capital management

The primary objective of the Group's capital management is to ensure that it maintains a healthy capital ratio in order to support its business and maximise shareholders' value.

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, in light of changes in economic conditions. No changes were made to the objectives, policies and processes during the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023.

The Group monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total capital plus net debt. The Group includes within net debt amounts due to shareholders, Ijarah liability and other liabilities less cash and bank balances.

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Amounts due to shareholders Other liabilities Ijarah liability Less: cash and cash equivalents	3,000,000 76,225 - (538,203)	3,000,000 83,436 13,529 (654,495)
Net debt	2,538,022	_2,442,470
Total capital	11,535,327	10,303,831
Total capital and net surplus	14,073,349	12,746,301
Net gearing ratio	18.03%	<u> 19.16%</u>

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. Cash is placed with national and multinational banks with good credit ratings. The Group's credit risk arises mainly from the Mudaraba investments and receivables of profits on investment securities.

Mudaraba investments are placed with highly reputed and credit worthy financial institutions. In case of receivables of profit on investment securities, the Group has well defined policies for managing credit risk to ensure that risks are accurately assessed, properly approved and regularly monitored. Overall exposures are also evaluated to ensure a broad diversification of risk by setting concentration limits by geographical regions and industrial sectors.

Currency rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. The Group's foreign currency transactions are predominantly in GCC currencies, United States Dollars (USD) and British Pounds (GBP) of which Group's significant transactions are in United States Dollars (USD) and other GCC currencies. The Bahraini Dinars is effectively pegged to the United States Dollar and other GCC currencies and therefore management considers the currency rate risk as minimal. The Group limits their currency rate risk by entering in the forward contract mainly to mitigate the currency exposure in GBP investments. The Group limits their currency rate risk by proactively monitoring the key factors that affect the foreign currency fluctuations.

17 Financial assets and liabilities and risk management (continued)

Currency rate risk (continued)

Foreign exchange sensitivity analysis is as follows:

Currency	<u>Change</u>	Impact on profit	<u>Change</u>	Impact on profit
Sterling Pound	+/-5%	+/- 230,394	+/-3%	+/- 138,236

Profit rate risk arises due to different timing of re-pricing of the Group's assets and liabilities. The Group's profit rate sensitive assets are mainly Mudaraba assets and liabilities are Murabaha financing.

Liquidity risk is the risk that an enterprise will encounter difficulty in raising funds to meet commitments associated with financial instruments. Liquidity risk may result from an inability to sell a financial asset quickly at close to its fair value. (Refer Note 16 for maturity profile).

The Group's management rigorously monitors liquidity requirements on a regular basis to help ensure that enough funds are available, including unutilised credit facilities with banks, to meet its liabilities as they fall due.

Operational risk is the risk of loss arising from system failure, human error, fraud or external events. When controls fail to perform, operational risks can cause damage to reputation, have legal or regulatory implications, or lead to financial losses. The Group cannot expect to eliminate all operational risks, but through a control framework and by monitoring and responding to potential risks, the Group is able to manage the risks. Controls include effective segregation of duties, access, authorisation and reconciliation procedures, staff education and assessment processes, including the use of internal audit.

Fair value hierarchy

Fair value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled between knowledgeable and willing parties in an arm's length transaction.

Fair values of quoted securities/Sukuk are derived from quoted market prices in active markets, if available. For unquoted securities/Sukuk, fair value is estimated using appropriate valuation techniques. Such techniques may include using recent arm's length market transactions; reference to the current fair value of another instrument that is substantially the same; discounted cash flow analysis or other valuation models.

The Group uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique:

Level 1: quoted (unadjusted) prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2: other techniques for which all inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value are observable, either directly or indirectly; and

Level 3: techniques which use inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value that are not based on observable market data.

Reef Holding Co. B.S.C. (c)
Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024 (Expressed in Bahraini Dínars)

17 Financial assets and liabilities and risk management (continued)

Fair value hierarchy (continued)

The following table shows an analysis of financial instruments recorded at fair value by level of the fair value hierarchy at 31 December 2024 and 31 December 2023:

Investments designated at fair value through statement of income	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
For the year ended 31 December 2024				
Quoted Securities Sukuk		•	1,500,000	1,500,000
Unquoted Securities Private equities	'	8,567,737		8,567,737
	*	8,567,737	1,500,000	10,067,737
For the year ended 31 December 2023				
Quoted Securities Sukuk	1	,	1,500,000	1,500,000
Unquoted Securities Private equities	'	6,995,051		6,995,051
	"	6,995,051	1,500,000	8,495,051

Transfers between Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3

During the year ended 31 December 2024, there were no transfer from level 3 to level 2.

Reef Holding Co. B.S.C. (c) Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024 (Expressed in Bahraini Dinars)

18 Contingent liabilities and commitments

As at 31 December 2024, the Company do not have any contingent liabilities and commitments arising in the ordinary course of business (2023: BDNil).

19 Subsequent events

There were no events subsequent to 31 December 2024 and occurring before the date of signing of the consolidated financial statements that would have a significant impact on these consolidated financial statements.